

#### the vines



### What Taxes Do I Have to Pay?

- Property Tax (Impuesto Inmobiliario)
- Minimum Presumed Income Tax (GMP)
- Income Tax (Ganancias)
- Personal Asset Tax (Bienes Personales)



When do I start paying taxes?

## When you pay...

Immediately. The first year you make a payment to us.

Even if I don't have title, yet?

Even if you don't have title.

Even if I haven't finished paying for the vineyard?

Even if you haven't finished paying for the vineyard.

Even....

...STOP IT!!

# Property Tax

- What is it? Tax levied on property
- How much is it? ≅ARS \$100 (US\$20)/vineyard
- How does it get paid? We pay it and then include it in your maintenance budget/true-ups



## Minimum Presumed Income Tax

- What is it? Its an asset tax and a clever way for AFIP to collect taxes in advance and limit tax evasion
  - They assume the asset is value producing, even when we know it isn't
  - They collect presumed taxes to use against future income tax you will owe
  - You can use the credit for 10 years against your net income tax
- How much is it? 1% of total price of vineyard, less ARS \$200,000 deduction



#### Minimum Presumed Income Tax (cont.)

#### How does it get paid?

ENGLISH & ASSOCIATES

- You hire an accountant
  - We recommend English & Associates (E&A), a bilingual accounting firm in Mendoza.
  - Almost all of our owners use E&A, but you are free to use whoever you want to file your taxes in Argentina and in the U.S.
- E&A files your taxes in late April/early May.
- E&A invoices you for BOTH their fees and taxes owed.
- You pay E&A.
- E&A pays AFIP on your behalf.



### How Does the Filing Process Work?

The Vines gathers your invoices and information and sends it to E&A.

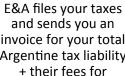
You review your calculations and a) approve them or b) ask questions – they answer, and you approve a final version.

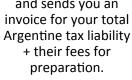
You pay the E&A invoice. They pay your Argentine tax liability at AFIP on your behalf.





E&A prepares your calculations for your review, and sends them to you.









High-Tech Invoice-Gathering Technology





#### Credits = Assets = Deductions

#### DOUBLE DIPPING:

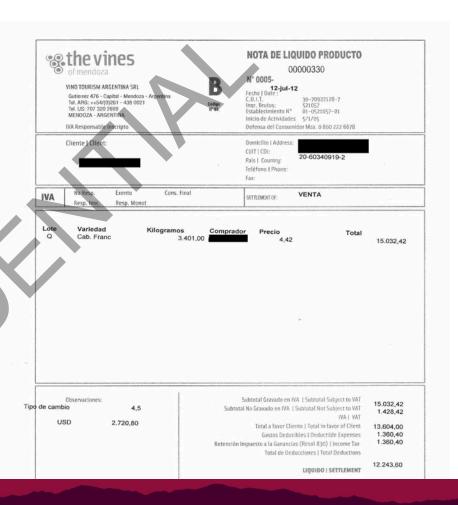
- Each year that your pay GMP, you get a credit.
- Each subsequent year, that "credit" counts as an asset for your next year's taxes.
- You then pay taxes on your "credit"
- But you will get to deduct these credits when you file/pay income tax... IF you have a gain
- This is a conservative approach that E&A's experience with other tax payers justifies
- You can choose to adopt this approach or not



# What Happens When I Sell Grapes/Wine?

When you sell grapes or wine, The Vines issues invoices and reports the sales to AFIP − these are known as "Liquido Productos" →

Vines retains percentage of the total sale and pays that to AFIP. This retention is used as a credit on that year's tax and, if unused, carries over for up to 10 years.





#### Income Tax

- What is it? A tax on net income for the year
- How much is it? 35% of net income
- How does it get paid?
  - E&A files Net Income Tax and Presumed Income Tax in every year you sell grapes or wine or export wine. You pay one of the two.
  - E&A bills you. You pay, and E&A pays AFIP on your behalf.



#### Income Tax

#### net income = sales - expenses





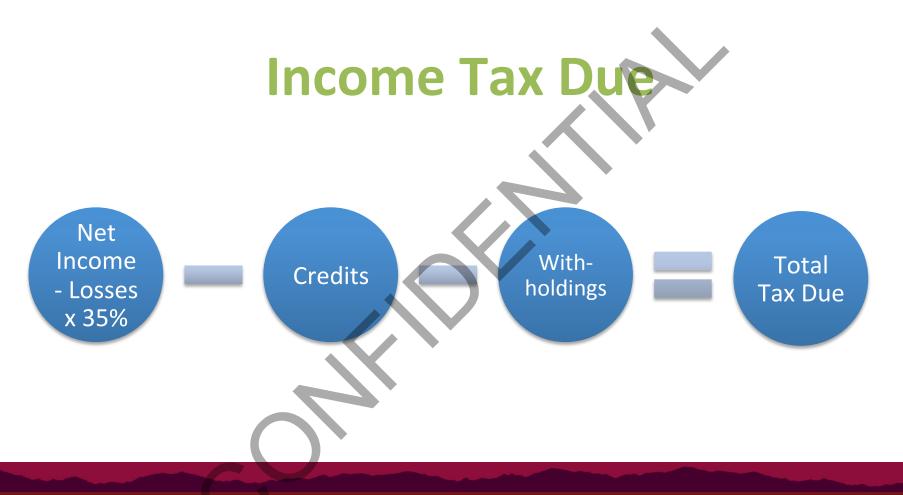


Sales = grape sales + nota LP exportación

Expenses = Inventory + broker fees + amortization

Inventory = inventory previous year + (maintenance, winemaking, purchase of grapes) - inventory current year







### DOUBLE TAXATION?

You never pay both Net Income Tax &
Minimum Presumed Income Tax for the same
year. You have to FILE both, but you only pay
one.



#### What If I Have a Net Loss?



- A net loss for the year means you only pay Minimum Presumed Income Tax.
- You never pay both Income Tax & Minimum Presumed Income Tax for the same year.



#### What If I Have a Net Gain?



- A net gain for the year means that you only pay Income Tax.
- You can offset this tax in two ways:
  - Using credits and withholdings to "pay" any tax determined
  - Using your losses from previous years to reduce your tax base before the 35% is applied



#### Personal Asset Tax

- You only pay if you own or are constructing a house in Argentina
- Some ambiguity over whether or not rural real estate is subject to this tax : E&A recommends that it is not
- Rate 0.125%



#### Assistance with Argentine Taxes

 For further assistance with your Argentine taxes, please contact Tatiana Lugones at English & Associates:

tatiana@englishassociates.com





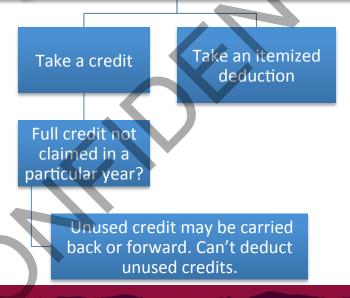
# U.S. Issues & Considerations

- For tax purposes, vineyards and winemaking are considered two separate businesses
  - Vineyards = Farming
  - Winemaking = Manufacturing
- On request we will prepare and send you an itemized breakdown of your initial services payment



# Do I get credit for income taxes paid in Argentina?

For income taxes paid to a foreign government, on their U.S. tax filing, a U.S. individual can choose to either:





### Can I deduct my travel expenses?

- Maybe.
- Legitimate business expenses can be deductible so long as the expense is related to a business with a profit motive and not just a hobby.
- Meals or entertainment expenses are limited to 50%.
- Keep your receipts!





#### Possible Limitation on Use of Losses

- If your vineyard results in a loss, that loss can generally be used to reduce your income from other sources.
- But, there are 3 possible limitations on the use of those losses:
  - "at-risk" rules;
  - passive activity rules; and
  - "hobby loss" rules.



#### Assistance with U.S. Taxes

#### **Accounting Firm in US:**

Crowe Horwath, LLP 9600 Brownsboro Road, Suite 400 Louisville, KY 40241

#### **Contacts:**

Greg Hintz 502-420-4513

Greg.hintz@crowehorwath .com





